

Mobile devices and "Generation App"

Antony Williams
ICIC Conference
October 2011



Mobilizing Chemistry

- We live in "Generation App"
- Mobile devices, apps, cloud-based services and databases provide "Chemistry in the Hand"
- Hundreds of apps are appearing: iOS (iPhone, iPads etc), Android, Blackberry etc.
- It's not just Chemistry...Science has gone Mobile..





There's an "App for That"







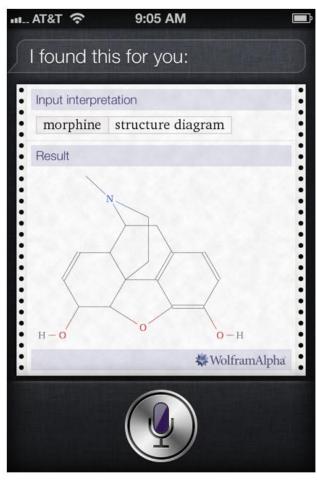
There's an "App for That"







Siri Knows Chemistry







There's a lot of Mobile Chemistry!

Categorization of chemistry apps. More later...

Contents

- 1 Apps for Chemistry
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- 3 Publishers
- 4 Structure Drawing, Visualization and Chemical Databases
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- 6 Chemical Look-Ups
- 7 Chemical Compounds
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- 9 Chemical Safety
- 10 Spectroscopy
- 11 Theoretical Chemistry
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Scientific Publishers Apps

- Scientific publishers release apps to:
 - Provide mobile access to content
 - Search and deliver content to its registered users
 - Greater accessibility means greater readership
 - Revenue generation UNLIKELY via sales of Apps.
 Revenue comes from the content

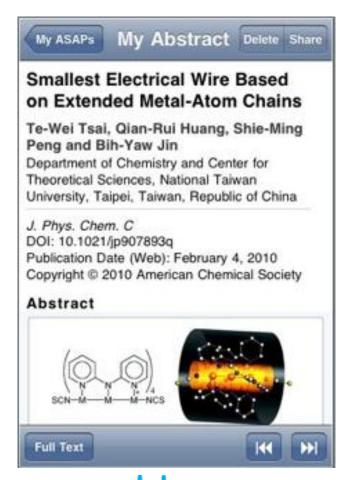




Scientific Publisher Apps (ACS)

http://tinyurl.com/ykaprhf



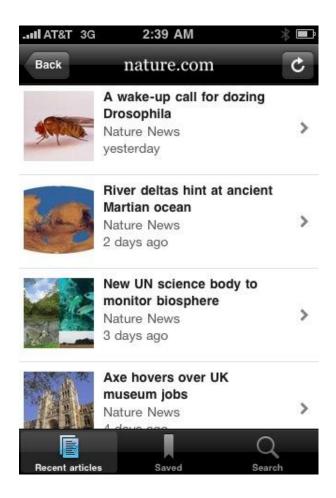


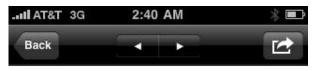




Scientific Publisher Apps (Nature)

http://www.nature.com/mobileapps/





New UN science body to monitor biosphere

Emma Marris



All creatures great and small: A newly approved global science organization to oversee life on earth will have its work cut out for it.

Credit: Cesar Paes Barreto

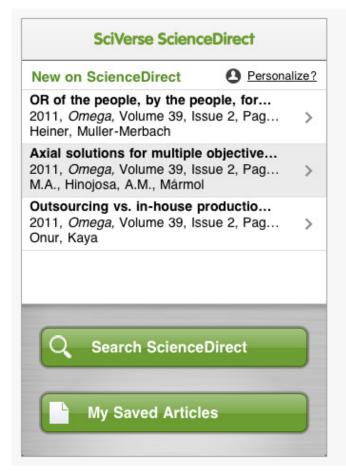
Representatives from close to 90 countries

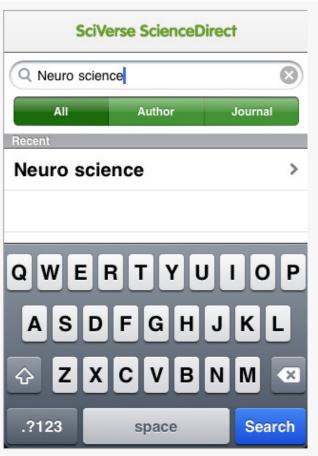




SciVerse ScienceDirect

http://tinyurl.com/3czq37y





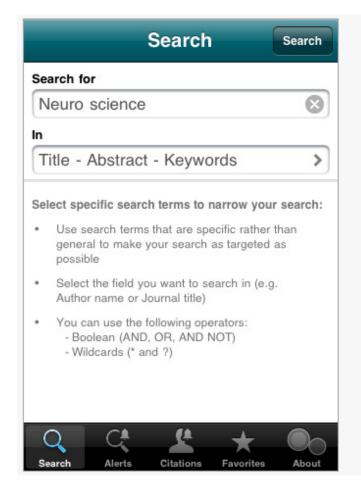


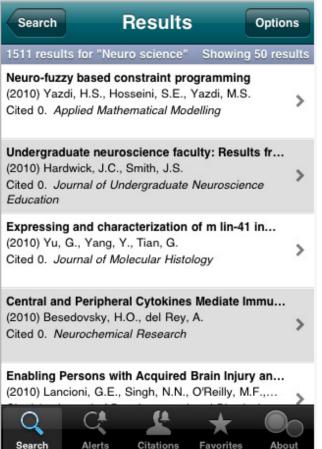


Sciverse Scopus

http://www.info.sciverse.com/scopus







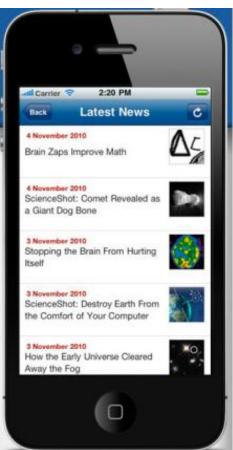




Science App

http://www.aaas.org/news/releases/2010/1108science_app.shtml









Online Tools for Publications



Antony John Williams Edit

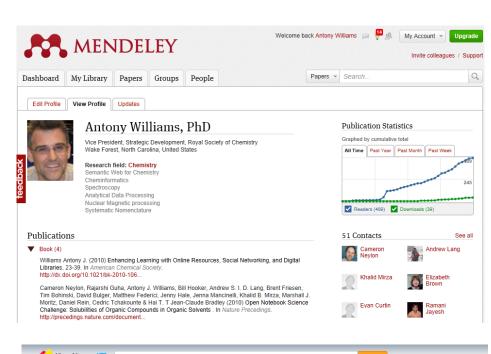
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Brandmaier, Ahmed Abdelaziz, Volodymyr V. Prokopenko, Vsevolod Y. Tanchuk, Roberto Todeschini, Alexandre

development and publishing of chemical information

Varnek ... Antony Williams ... + View All

Published in 2011

Cheminform

LANGMUIR

Keyword (125)

"Papers" for Managing Publications







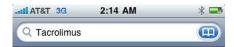
"Mendeley" for Managing Publications



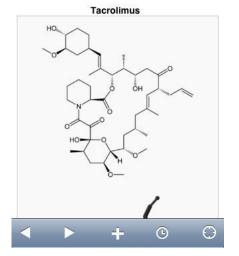


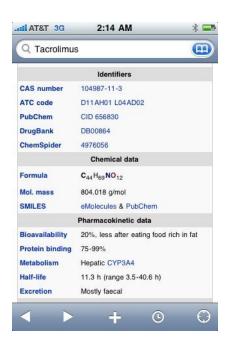


Wikipedia Chemistry



Tacrolimus

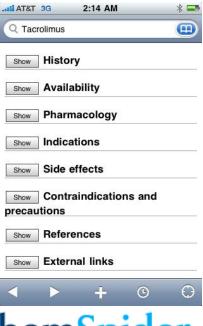






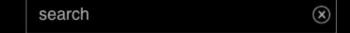
Tacrolimus (also FK-506 or Fujimycin) is an immunosuppressive drug whose main use is after allogeneic organ transplant to reduce the activity of the patient's immune system and so lower the risk of organ rejection. It reduces interleukin-2 (IL-2) production by T-cells. It is also used in a topical preparation in the treatment of severe atopic dermatitis (eczema), severe refractory uveitis after bone marrow transplants, and the skin condition vitiligo. It is a 23-membered macrolide lactone discovered in 1984 from the fermentation broth of a Japanese soil sample that contained the bacteria Streptomyces tsukubaensis.

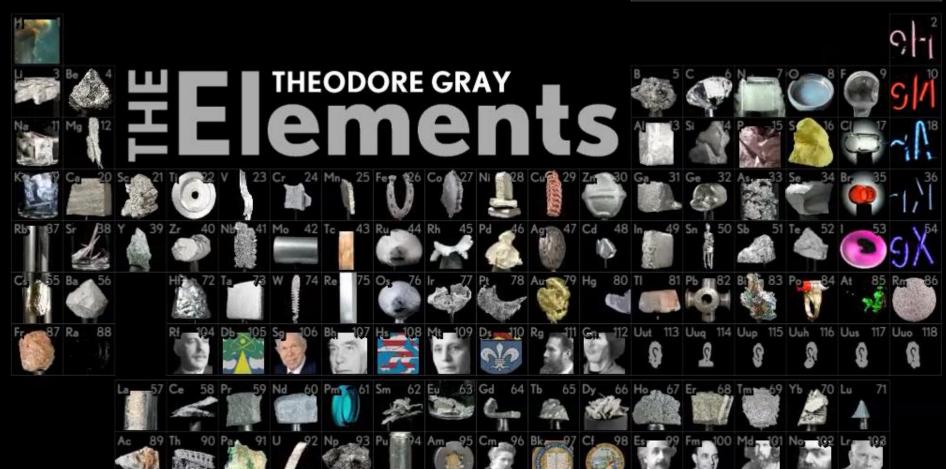












I GIVE YOU HERE THE UNIVERSAL CATALOG OF EVERYTHING YOU CAN DROP ON YOUR FOOT: THESE ARE THE ELEMENTS, THE BUILDING BLOCKS OF YOUR WORLD AND THE BASIC STUFF OF ALL THAT IS HERE OR THERE OR ANYWHERE. ENJOY! TOUCH ANY ELEMENT TO SEE MORE, THEN GO TO ITS SECOND PAGE FOR ROTATABLE SAMPLES AND A STORY OR TWO.

PHOTOGRAPHS BY THEODORE GRAY AND NICK MANN

Song

About

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29 Copper

Copper is wonderful stuff. Just wonderful. Many other elements have some kind of a gotcha about them: maybe they are great in every way except they're poisonous, or they would be perfect except they explode when they touch water. Copper has no gotcha—it's just nice stuff all around.

Copper can be toxic, but it takes special effort—eating large amounts of copper sulfate, or routinely eating acidic foods that have been stored in copper containers for a long time. Extended contact with copper objects rarely causes harm. In fact, copper has antimicrobial properties that make it useful in hospitals for doorknobs and other surfaces on which infections may be passed (though claims of the mystical healing powers of copper bracelets are, of course, nonsense).

Copper is soft enough to be worked using hand tools or modest power tools, yet hard enough to be made into very useful things, especially when alloyed with tin (50) or zinc (30) to create, respectively, bronze or brass. You can even find copper in native metallic form in several places around the world, making it one of the first useful metals (hence "the Bronze Age," which I guess sounds better than "the Copper Alloy Age").

Copper is the only reasonably priced metal that isn't gray, quite a remarkable fact if you think about it. Every single one of the hundred-odd metallic elements is some shade of gray, except gold (79) and copper. Not surprisingly, copper has been used in jewelry since antiquity, where its only real disadvantage is that it tarnishes slowly, while gold remains bright forever (at six thousand times the price).

Unbeknownst to the ancients, copper has another nice attribute: the second-highest electrical conductivity of any metal. Vast quantities of copper are used for electrical wiring, making it as vital to the modern age as it was to the Bronze Age.

It may not be as pretty as copper, but I will always have a special place in my heart for the next element, zinc.



Back

Coppersmiths make cups and pitchers by hand from copper sheet.







Back



-273.15

3500

Structure Drawing as an entry point

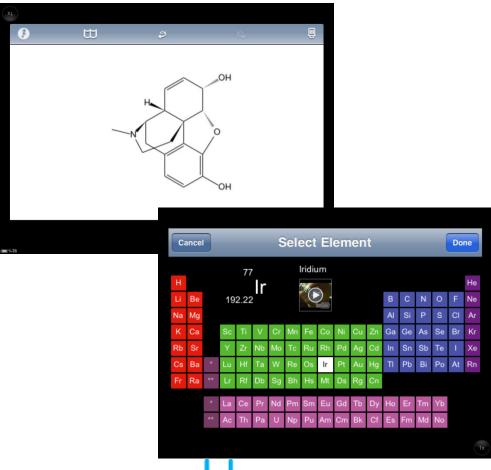
- Structure entry as an entry point to:
 - Calculations (formula, mass)
 - Predictions (local or server-based)
 - Systematic name generation, logP, pKa, NMR prediction, etc.
 - Database lookup
 - On device dictionaries (because space doesn't matter!)
 - Internet-hosted databases (because the latest content does matter)





Chemical Structure Drawing ChemJuice

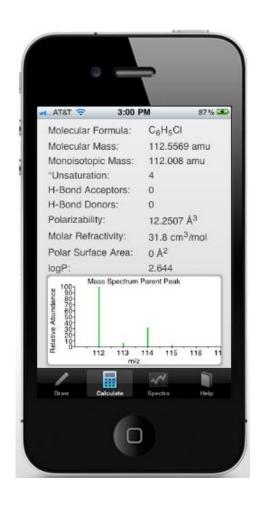


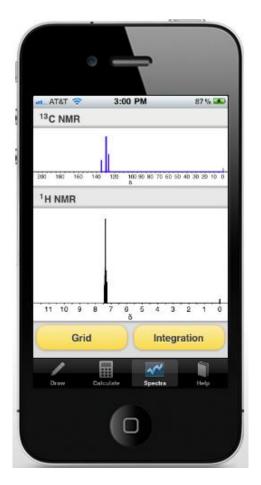






ChemDoodle Mobile









Chemical Structure Drawing Mobile Molecular Datasheet

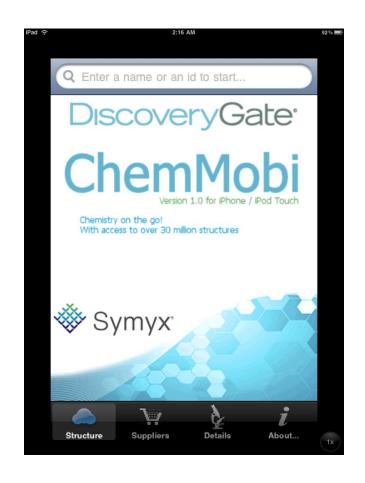


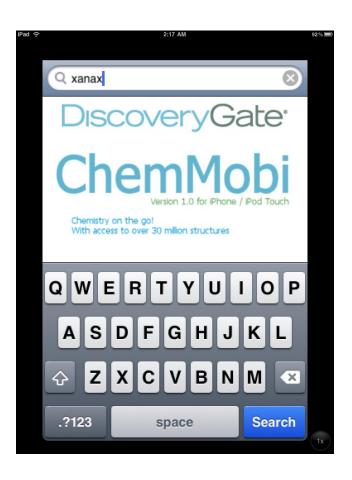






1st Structure Lookup of ChemSpider

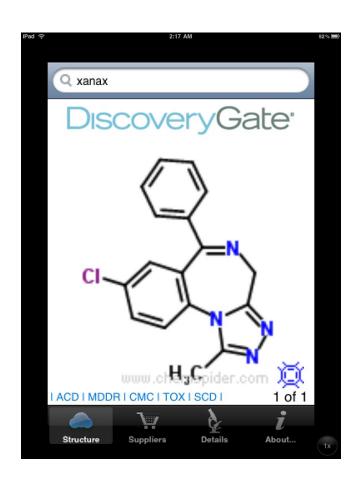


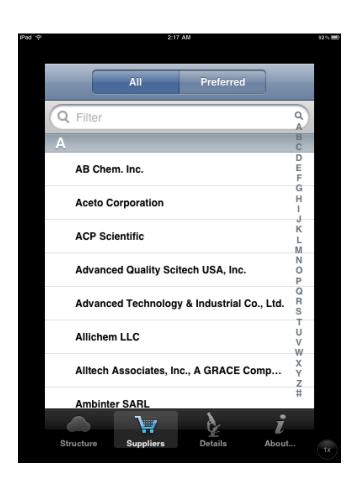






1st Structure Lookup of ChemSpider



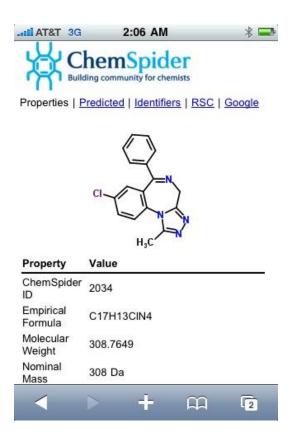


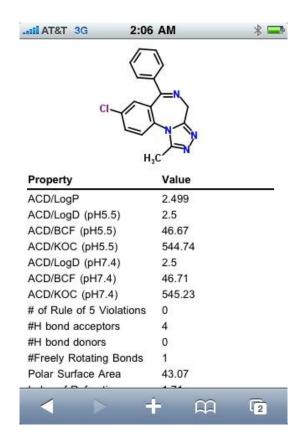




2nd Structure Lookup of ChemSpider



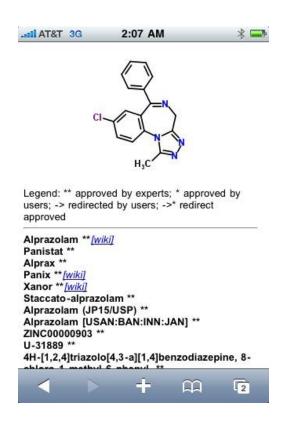


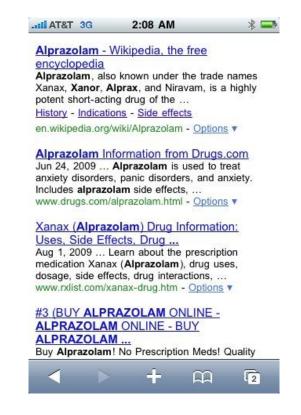






2nd Structure Lookup of ChemSpider









ChemSpider Mobile

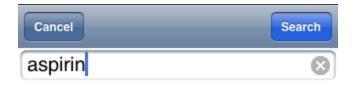






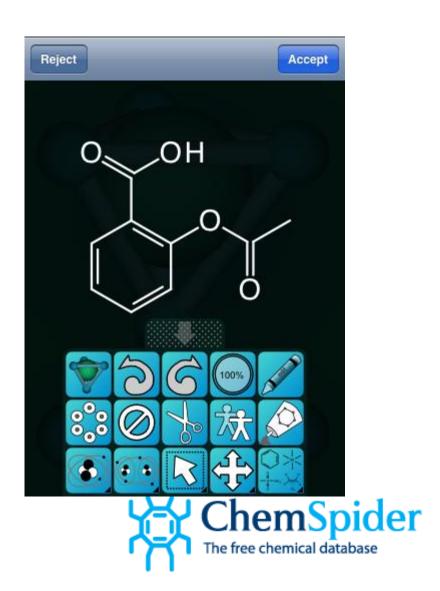


Text and Structure Searching

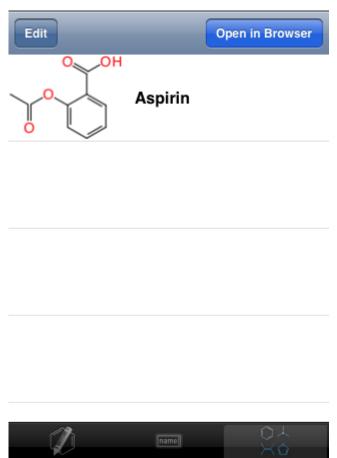




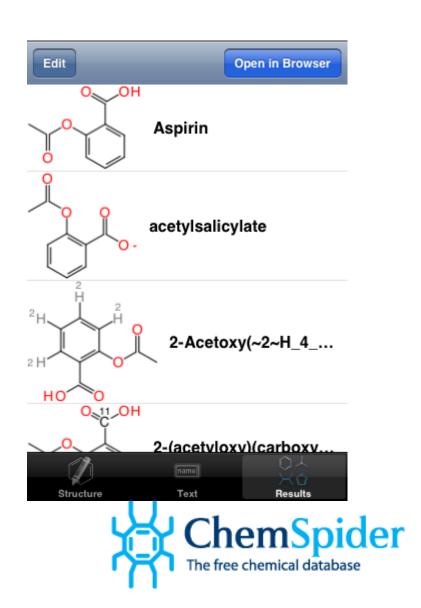




Exact and Skeleton Search







Open in Browser

- Coming soon:
 - Substructure searching
 - Similarity searching







Chemical Reactions

- Chemical reactions are very amenable to serving up on mobile applications
- What is available now?
 - Teaching basics of chemical reactions
 - Look-ups against reaction databases
 - Reaction mechanisms

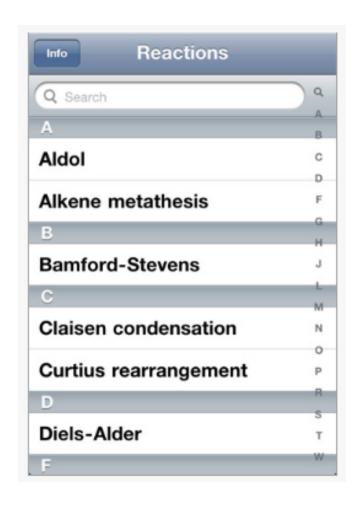


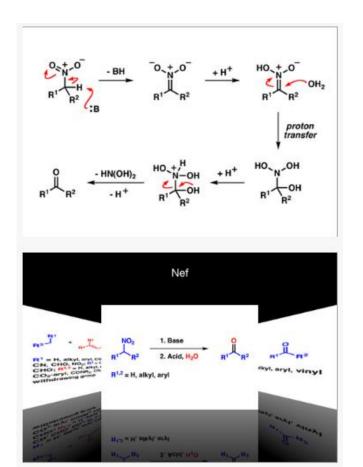


Named Reactions

http://www.synthetiqsolutions.com/named-reactions/











Organic Named Reactions

Organic Named Reactions

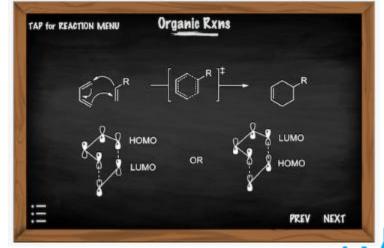
http://tinyurl.com/3d54fvv





ChemSpider

The free chemical database

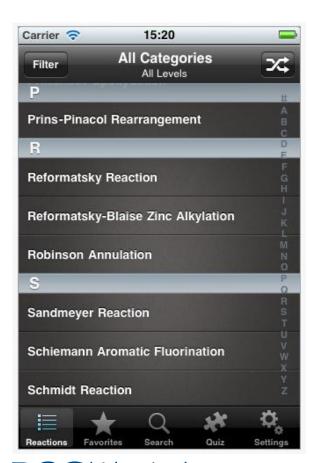


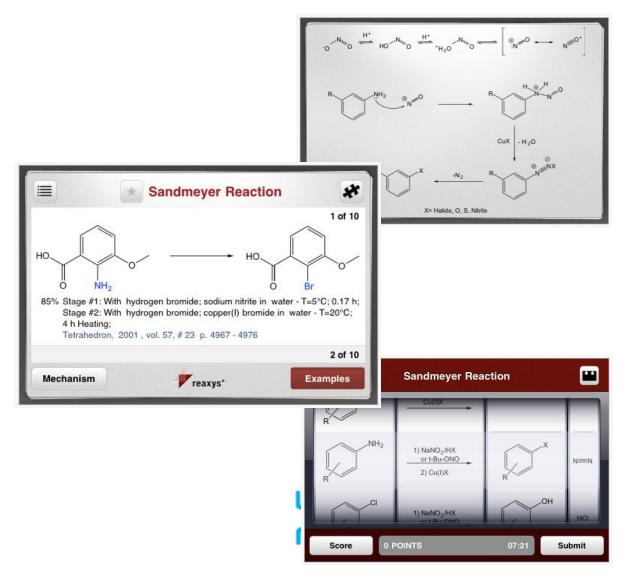


ReactionFlash

http://tinyurl.com/3nt54w6





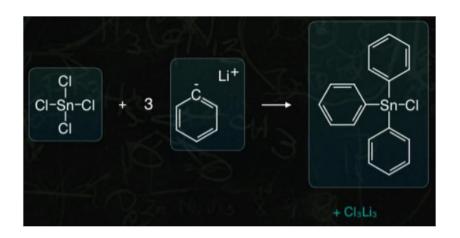


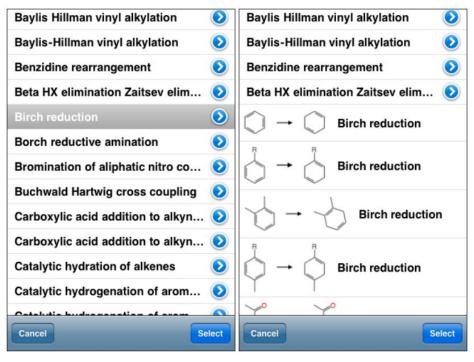


Reaction 101

http://molmatinf.com/reaction101.html











Yield 101

http://molmatinf.com/yield101.html



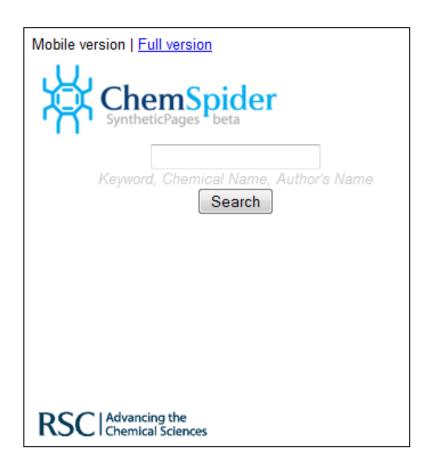


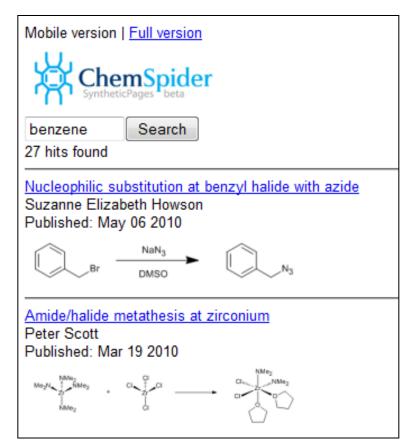






Reaction Database Look-up









Reaction Database Look-up

Mobile version | Full version | Back to Search

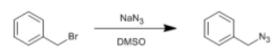


Nucleophilic substitution at benzyl halide with azide; (azidomethyl)benzene

SyntheticPage 408 DOI: 10.1039/SP408

Submitted May 06, 2010, published May 06, 2010

Suzanne Elizabeth Howson (s.e.howson@warwick.ac.uk)
A contribution from Scott group, Warwick University



Chemicals Used

Benzyl bromide

Procedure

Benzyl bromide (2.0 ml, 16.84 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was dissolved in DMSO (40 ml). Sodium azide (1.64 g, 25.26 mmol, 1.5 eq.) was added as a solid and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at ambient temperature. Water (75 ml) was added slowly (exothermic) before extracting the product into diethyl ether (3 × 150 ml). The combined diethyl ether layers were washed with brine (2 × 150 ml), dried over sodium sulfate and the solvent removed to leave a clear oil which was sufficiently pure for use in further reactions (see uploaded NMR spectra) and gave a reasonable combustion analysis. Yield = 1.63 g, 12.24 mmol, 73%.

Author's Comments

Organic azides are energy-rich molecules and there is a risk of explosion. You should perform a risk assessment. See also Kolb, H.C., Finn, M.G., Sharpless, K.B. <u>Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.</u>, 2001, 40, 2004-2021.

Data

¹H NMR (400 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) 7.42-7.32 (5H, m, Ph), 4.35 (2H, s, CH₂).





"App-Based Spectroscopy"

- What could be possible for spectra?
 - Process
 - View
 - Predict
 - Analyse





"App-Based Spectroscopy"

- What could be possible for spectra?
 - Process
 - View
 - Predict
 - Analyse
- Already available
 - Do we need to process?
 - View
 - Predict
 - Analyse





Spectra online

▼ Spectra

Edit

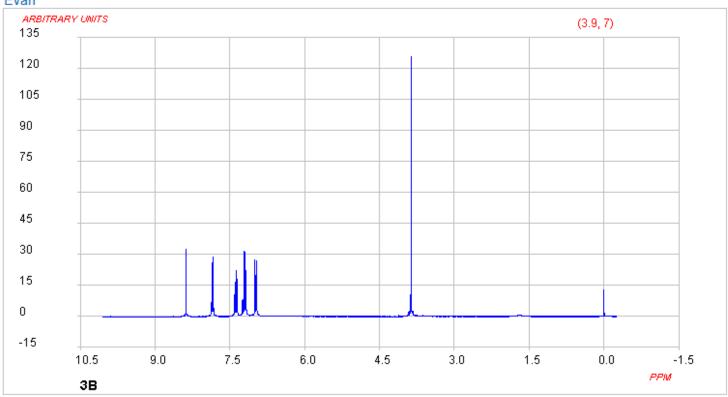
· Type: HNMR

Associated Hyperlink: http://usefulchem.wikispaces.com/Exp269

Comments: NMR solvent CDCl3, 300MHz varian. Bradley Lab, Drexel University, Philadelphia, PA.

Approved: No

Submitted by: Evan



JSpecView

http://jspecview.sourceforge.net/

- Open Source Java applet from Bob Lancashire
- Supports display of JCAMP format spectra
- Used on ChemSpider and supported in browsers with Java support





JSpecView

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Does the iPad support Java?

No. iPhone OS 3.2 will not support Java. The iPhone does not support Java. Steve Jobs has been quoted as saying "Java's not worth building in. Nobody uses Java anymore. It's this big heavyweight ball and chain."

Java fans should not expect Apple to reverse this long-standing decision on the iPad.







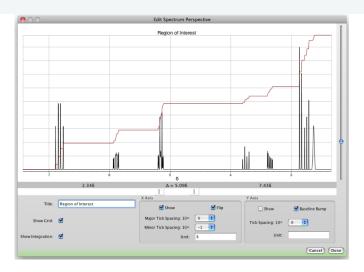
ChemDoodle Web Components Chemical Publishing Software

- An open-source and free HTML5 toolkit.
- For desktop and mobile browsers.



JCAMP-DX Format

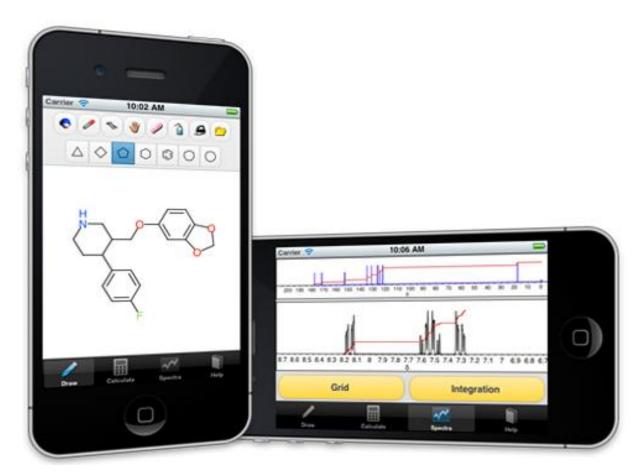
ChemDoodle reads mass spectrometry, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, infrared spectroscopy and other spectra from JCAMP-DX files.







Spectra in the hand







Sourcing information about SciApps

http://www.scimobileapps.com/

- An increasing number of Science Apps
- Different platforms, different versions
- How do you track them? Search them?
- Where can developers post information about their apps?
- iTunes does not segregate based on science
- Introducing the <u>SciMobileApps Wiki</u>...









Navigation

Main page
Community portal
Current events
Recent changes
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Toolbox

What links here Related changes Upload file Special pages Printable version Permanent link Browse properties Page Discussion Read Edit View history Go Search

Main Page

1 open e-mail-confirmed account request pending

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- 2 The Hosts of SciMobileApps
- 3 Categories
- 4 Adding Data
- 5 Publications and Presentations
- 6 App of the Month
- 7 What Apps are Missing?

[edit] The Vision for the SciMobileApps Wiki

Mobile apps for science are expanding in scope and capability very quickly, yet there is no easy way to source information regarding what is available, what the community thinks of these apps (in terms of general reviews) and clustering of these apps into functional groupings. That is the intention of this wiki. It is a community resource for developers and users to share information about the various science apps that are available. We encourage you to participate by adding your comments and adding new pages!

[edit] The Hosts of SciMobileApps

SciMobileApps is hosted for the community by two scientists interested in how Mobile Apps can contribute to the worlds of chemistry and Drug Discovery.

Antony Williams & is a part of the online social network as ChemConnector Wikipedia & Twitter & Blog & LinkedIn 짜

Sean Ekins & is a part of the online social network as CollabChem Wikipedia & Twitter & Blog & LinkedIn &

Follow SciMobileApps on Twitter here &

SciMobileApps Wiki

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SciMobileApps Wiki



ChemSpider Mobile

ChemSpider Mobile is a free iOS app (iPhone, iPod, iPad) for searching the ChemSpider & online chemical database. It provides the ability to search by drawing a chemical structure, or entering a compound name. The app is very straightforward and easy to learn. Search results are shown in a list showing structure and names. Any search result can be examined in more detail by launching the mobile browser and viewing the structure on the ChemSpider web page.

Although the ChemSpider web page is designed to work well on mobile browsers, the mobile app is more convenient to use, and is currently the best way to search by structure from a mobile device. The structure drawing capabilities are provided by the embedded version of the Mobile Molecular DataSheet. The app was built by Molecular Materials, Informatics , on behalf of the Royal Society of Chemistry .

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 - 1.1 Structure page
 - 1.2 Text page
 - 1.3 Results page
- 2 Logistics
 - 2.1 Licensing & Availability
 - 2.2 External links
 - 2.3 User Reviews







Why not use Wikipedia???

Mobile Molecular DataSheet

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia



A major contributor to this article appears to have a <u>close connection</u> with its subject. It may require <u>cleanup</u> to comply with Wikipedia's content policies, particularly <u>neutral point of view</u>. Please discuss further on the <u>talk page</u>. (November 2010)

The **Mobile Molecular DataSheet** is (MMDS) is a mobile app which provides chemical structure diagram editing, molecular datasheet management and various other productivity tools. Currently it is available for <u>BlackBerry</u> smartphones and Apple mobile devices (<u>iPhone</u>, <u>iPod</u> and <u>iPad</u>).





Changes in Mobile

- "Apps" are originally iOs branded
- And then came Android...

Yes, Amazon's Kindle Fire is a \$199 Android tablet



New BlackBerry phones to support Android?

RIM's PlayBook will run Android apps

Run Android Apps on Your PC with BlueStacks





Tweet to App in 3 Days

http://www.slideshare.net/ekinssean/green-solvents-app

Green Solvents: From Idea to App in 3 Days



Sean Ekins, Alex M. Clark and Antony J. Williams





Social Networking to Apps



collabchem Sean Ekins

ACS Holding Back green chem solvent selection behind ACS wall for user details. Concern about context of use -way too conservative IMHO

23 Jun



collabchem Sean Ekins

ACS Green Chem Conf. Solvent selection in discovery influences API solvent use. Green Chem may also be cheaper.

23 Jun



collabchem Sean Ekins

At ACS green chem conf in DC. Pharma needs an App that tells their chemists which are preferred solvents.

23 Jun

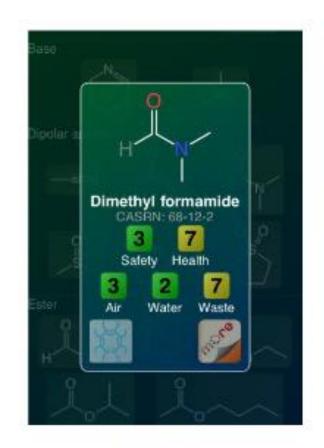




Green Solvents

http://itunes.apple.com/us/app/green-solvents/id446670983





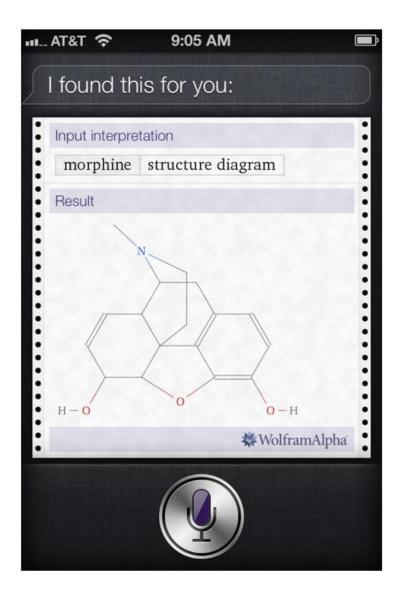
Bad

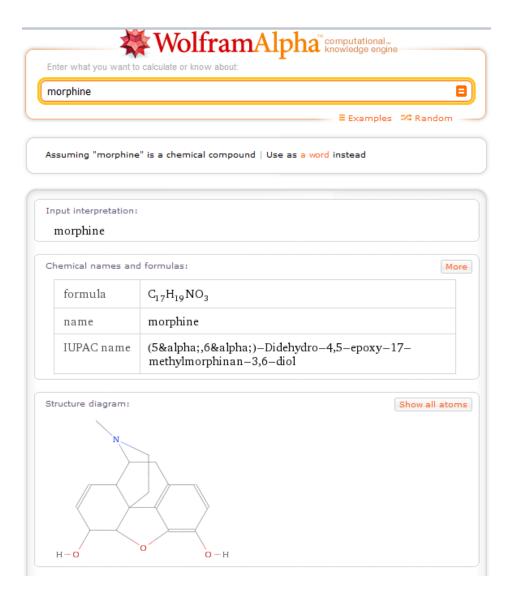




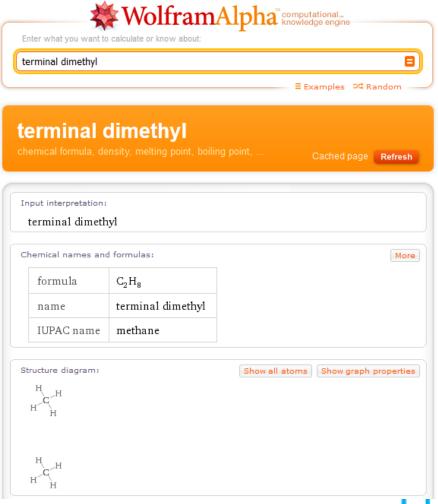


Siri Knows Chemistry???





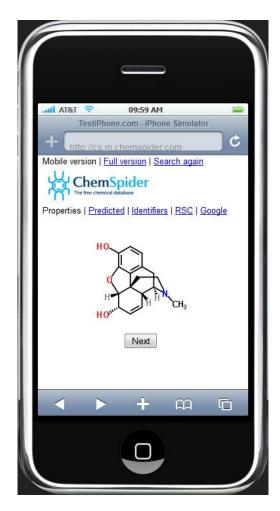
Siri Accesses Information







Chemists Know Chemistry

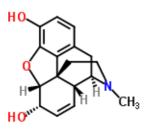


Mobile version | Full version | Search again

ChemSpider

The free chemical database

Properties | Predicted | Identifiers | RSC | Google



Property	Value
ChemSpider ID	4450907
Molecular Formula	C17H19NO3
Molecular Weight	285.3377
Nominal Mass	285 Da
Average Mass	285.338 Da
Monoisotopic Mass	285.137 Da
Systematic Name	
InChlKey	BQJCRHHNABKAKU- KBQPJGBKBH





Conclusions

- More mobile adoption is inevitable mobile is simply "smaller computers"
- The discrimination of Apps will be based on:
 - Ease of use
 - Quality of prediction algorithms
 - Access to quality content
- Running list of Chemistry Apps is updated here: http://www.slideshare.net/AntonyWilliams/





Smart Phones



COMMENTARY

pubs.acs.org/jchemeduc

Smart Phones, a Powerful Tool in the Chemistry Classroom

Antony J. Williams*,† and Harry E. Pence‡

[†]ChemSpider, Royal Society of Chemistry, U.S. Office, Wake Forest, North Carolina 27587, United States

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In Press



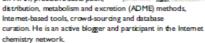
Smartphones and tablet computers can now be used to perform many of the operations previously addressed by laptops or desktop computers and they represent an exciting new computing platform for drug discovery, particularly in chemistry.

Mobile apps for chemistry in the world of drug discovery

Antony J. Williams¹, Sean Ekins², Alex M. Clark³, J. James Jack⁴ and Richard L. Apodaca⁵

Mobile hardware and software technology continues to evolve very rapidly and presents drug discovery scientists with new platforms for accessing data and performing data analysis. Smartphones and tablet computers can now be used to perform many of the operations previously addressed by laptops or desktop computers. Although the smaller screen sizes and requirements for touch-screen manipulation can present user-

Antony J. Williams graduated with a PhD in chemistry as an NMR spectroscopist. He is currently Vice President, Strategic Development for ChemSpider at the Royal Society of Chemistry. Antony has written chapters for many books and authored or peer reviewed more than 120 papers and book chapters on NMR, predictive absorption, distribution, metabolism and excreti



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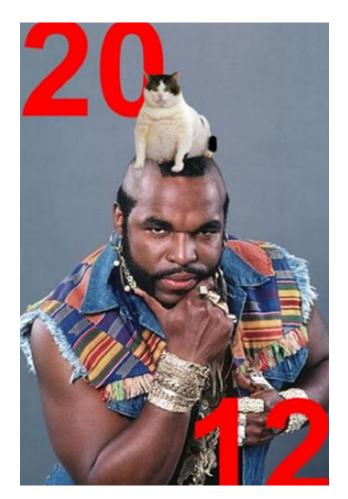
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